THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 1276. COLORADO SPRINGS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1882. Price, Five Cents

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Immigration Bill Corrected by the House.

Guiteau Ready to Go and Appeals to a Higher Court.

Mrs. Scoville Intends to Witness the Execution.

GUITEAU GOSSIP.

WASHINGTON, June 27. Guiteau said to Dr. Hicks: "Don't go to President Arthur any more, let him come to you. I have nothing more to ask of him. If he has irrevocably decided, I appeal to a higher court. God will judge between him and me."

Three [illegible] persons were at the jail last night. They were very anxious to be admitted.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The president granted John W. Guiteau an audience this afternoon. Guiteau told Dr. Hicks this morning he was sure of his reward and was ready to go, but hoped the execution would be stayed. Mrs Scoville arrived and hopes to see the president and get a respite. She intends to be present at the execution.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

In the contested election case of Strabach vs. Herbert, second Alabama district, leave was granted to withdraw from the contest without prejudice.

The committee on elections reported a resolution declaring vacant the seat of the second Alabama district. Laid over.

Page, chairman of the committee on commerce, rising to a question of privilege, sent to the clerk's desk and had read the following statement relative to the passage of the bill to regulate immigration on the 19th inst. by unanimous consent.

Reagan, representing the committee on commerce, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill, which he offered. It was handed him by Van Voorhis and purported to be the bill agreed to by the committee on commerce. Reagan and members of the committee present were misled in regard to the bill, which was passed, they supposing it to be a true copy of the bill agreed to by the committee. The committee recommends and asks the house to substitute the bill now in possession of the committee for the one passed.

Van Voorhis objected.

McLane contended that as the statement intimated that Ryan had been imposed upon, the question privilege was raised, and it was not competent for objection to be raised against the consideration of the bill.

The speaker took the contrary view.

Page said that without intending to reflect upon anybody he desired to state the committee on commerce found itself embarrassed by the fact that a wrong bill had passed the house and he deemed it just to the committee that the house should pass the bill as it came from the committee.

Van Voorhis—For the last week newspapers have been filled with publications such as the one laid on the clerk's desk. I do not blame newspapers, because the falsehoods in them emanated from some member or members of the committee on commerce. There never was a falser charge made than that I designed to deceive anybody.

In concluding Van Voorhis made an attack upon Reagan, characterizing his conduct as sneaking and his accusations of ineffable meanness.

Hammond immediately demanded that the words be taken down, and offered a resolution declaring the language unparliamentary and should receive the censure of the house.

Van Voorhis withdrew the offensive remarks, claiming he did not know they were unparliamentary, whereupon Hammond, with ill-concealed sarcasm, stating it would be cruel in such circumstances to press a resolution to withdraw it, and Reagan took the floor to reply to Van Voorhis.

Regan's remarks were very severe on Van Voorhis' action.

The house took up the bill to regulate immigration and passed it as agreed by the committee on commerce, and then took up the bill to reduce internal revenue tax.

The house, 125 to 16, refused to recommend the internal revenue bill with instructions to the ways and means committee to report the abolition of all internal revenue taxes except on bank circulation and distilled spirits.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The pension committee favored a pension for the widow of Major General Custer.

A resolution passed the senate to print more copies of Blaine's eulogy on Garfield for Blaine and Mrs. Garfield.

The government closed evidence in the star route cases in route 38,145, and 38,150 was taken up. This was one where Dorsey was allowed extra pay.

The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints for the week ending June 24th was $305,500, against $222,492 for the corresponding period of last year.

NEW MEXICAN VIOLENCE.

Promptly Punished by Citizens Without Jury.

DENVER, June 27.—A Raton, N. M., special says: "A terrible affair occurred here to-night. Violence has been expected for some time on account of trouble brewing between the gamblers and outsiders. Deputy Sheriff Dolman attempted to arrest a gambler named Gus Mentzel, from Dodge City, when he fired two shots at the deputy, slightly wounding him, Charles Fox and Jacob Harrison. He escaped to a Santa Fe train, which had just arrived from the south. From the car he was dislodged and pursued to the mountains. After making his escape, matters quieted down, when it was discovered Mentzel had returned to a gambling den, and upon his attempted arrest by the deputy, sheriff, he opened fire, which resulted in killing our justice of the peace, Harvey Moulton, Hugh Edelson, one of the partners and proprietors of the Moulton house, the principal hotel here, and S. H. Jackson, a saloon keeper, and the serious wounding of J. H. Lattimer and Deputy Sheriff Bergen. Immediately after the killing of Justice Moulton, Mentzel was seized by the enraged citizens and hanged on the sign post of the national bank.

Later—Deputy Sheriff Bergen is dying but Lattimer may recover.

Saturday night at about 10 o'clock, as a peaceable man named R. H. Hutter, was walking along one of the principal streets in Las Vegas, with his wife, an Indian desperado, named Francisco Tajoya, better known as "Navajo Frank," dashed by on horseback, throwing a lariat around Hutter's neck, and dragging his victim a hundred yards, pulling out his long beard and mangling him terribly. "Navajo Frank" was caught and placed in jail. This morning he was lynched by the indignant citizens.

State News.

DENVER, Col., June 27.—The young girls, Sarah Brown and Annie Morgan, who mysteriously disappeared from their homes in Pueblo, two days ago, returned last night and gave as an excuse for their absence that they had been visiting some friends.

COURSE OF THE CYCLONE.

Casualties Not Before Mentioned—Great and Widespread Damage.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 26.—The cyclonic storms which for the past few days traversed and desolated this section, seemed to have followed no particular course, but to have dipped down here and there at points as widely separated as cities in Nebraska and Michigan and as Dakota territory and southern Indiana. While the ravages in Iowa have been most serious, in other parts of the territory they are very heavy. Among the casualities which have not been already mentioned, the following may be given as indicating the general character and violence of the elements: At Osceola, Iowa, yesterday, Adam Miller and Wm. Lowe were killed by lightning. A severe rain and wind storm visited Albia yesterday; in the evening with an accompaniment of terrific thunder and lightning. Trees snapped off like pistols and many pranks were played by the wind, but no loss of life is reported. The storm appeared like a cyclone. Trains are delayed in the region of McGregory county by disasters to tracks and bridges. Much damage was done Saturday in the neighborhood of Sioux Rapids and Malvern in northwestern Iowa. Between Morrison and Round Grove, Ills., 2,000 feet of Chicago & Northwestern track was washed away. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy suffered even worse. West of Mendota, Nebraska, yesterday morning a terrific storm gathered in Butler county, swept southwest through Saunders, Lancaster, Cass, Otoe and Nemaha counties, doing the greatest damage in a belt twenty-five miles in width, between Wahoo and Western. Corn was badly beaten down in the southern part of Saunders county, and small grain was utterly ruined. Two houses were blown down in Wahoo, a two-story barn was carried fifty feet through the air, a herd of one hundred and twenty-five ponies were swept by the storm eight miles southward over fields and through wire fences. Not a pane of glass was left in windows facing west. The school house at Clear Creek was completely wrecked. One man was killed and five injured near Talmadge, on the Missouri Pacific, while seeking shelter under a freight car which was hurled against them. Corn will be put back two or three weeks. A number of cattle carried down the stream and drowned near Lanesboro, Minn. Roads were stripped of bridges and made impassable and crops damaged somewhat; hay most severely. A man was drowned in Udopho, Minn., while rescuing stock from the floods. There was a tornado at Maysville, Kan., yesterday morning and one also is reported at Kerwin. Muncie, Ind., got the last of the wind, a damage of about $6,000 being inflicted. Geo. Hawks' family was seriously shocked by lightning, the little daughter remaining unconscious for a long time. Great damage to wheat is feared. Roofs were blown off and much other damage done at Decatur, Indiana; loss, $1,000. Three people have been killed there by recent tornadoes. The loss in Indianapolis is said to be $50,000. Telegraph and telephone wires were blown down. Near Lafayette was a terrific water spout eight feet high, Saturday night, which chased a train coming to the city for a considerable distance. It whirled rocks and immense trees along in its course, but spent its force before it caught the train. A severe rain storm did ten thousand dollars worth of damage to Chester township, Ohio. Stock and grain suffered, and innumerable smaller casualities occurred, but these sufficiently illustrate the storm.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 26. Three or four violent storms passed over this section about the same hour Sunday morning and seriously damaged crops over a limited area. The air was filled with a thousand wild rumors. Have ordered specials from all points touched and will send full accounts to-night. Four men are reported killed at Wahoo, and loss of lives is reported at other points. Rising City is damaged $25,000. Crops were entirely destroyed in a strip five miles wide across Butler county. A woman had a leg broken. Four houses were blown to pieces at Rising and hardly a window is left in the town. One mass of ice which crashed through a house and floor weighed twenty seven pounds.

Yellow Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, June 27.—Henry Forbes, seaman of the steamer Marco Aurelio for Havana, admitted to the hospital Sunday, is now pronounced a clear case of yellow fever.

The Egyptian Situation

ALEXANDRIA, June 27. The uneasy feeling continues to prevail along the Suez canal. It is rumored a number of cases containing explosives, accompanied by men in uniform, arrived at Ishmatelia, and have been deposited in occupied public buildings under the supervision of the government. The khedive has been advised to go on board some vessel, as there is some danger of his being seized as a hostage.

LONDON, June 27.—It is reported here that Greek money-lenders were murdered in Cairo Sunday. The English delegate was ordered to withdraw from the commission appointed to inquire into the recent riots.

It is stated that the captain of the United States steamer Galena served a notice on all American residents that the Galena is ready to receive them, and that they now remain in Egypt at their own risk.

There are orders for 20,000 arms and accoutrements, to be ready in four days, with a view, it is believed, of calling out reserves within three days.

ALEXANDRIA, June 27.—The khedive had a grand reception to-day in celebration of the anniversary of his accession to power. The patriarchs and diplomatic corps attended. The foreign men-of-war exchanged salutes with the forts.

LONDON, June 27.—The Times says: It may be taken for granted that there is something more than empty sound behind the preparations at the dock yards. We can but hope if the conference fails to find any solution of the Egyptian question, France will agree with England upon some plan of united action or leave us free to act alone. Expeditionary forces at Gibraltar and Malta have been constituted and commanders and staff nominated.

ALEXANDRIA, June 27.—Arabi Pasha states that if the porte abandons him he will publish correspondence proving that every step taken since the 9th of September last was instigated by the porte.

Freight-Handlers' Strike.

JERSEY CITY, June 27.—The strike continues and is continually augmented in numbers. Switchmen met to-day and counselled freight handlers to hold out, promising to stand by them.

JERSEY CITY, June 27.—This morning about twenty track-men employed by the New York, Lake Erie & Western railway joined the strikers. They have been receiving $1.10 per day and demand $1.50. Switchmen and brakemen employed by the Erie Railway company in yards on the east and west sides of Bergen tunnel joined the strikers. The Pennsylvania company succeeded in inducing about seventy-five of their old hands to resume work. A number of freight trains on the road have been moved this morning.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The strike of freight handlers is continued without new features of interest. A meeting of strikers was held to-day and reports received from committees securing members for their union. At the next meeting upwards of five hundred new members will be initiated.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The freight handlers' strike continues peaceful and stubborn. Steamboat lines are rushing business, but rail freight is absolutely stagnant. The same condition of affairs prevails in Jersey City, though some freight is being moved west with the aid of clerks and office boys. The Pennsylvania company have more men than all the rest combined, and experience little delay.

Politics and Floods.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 27.—The whole country is now absorbed in political contests. The dominion and provincial elections take place in a few days. Each of the candidates and their friends are scouring the districts and warning the people up into a fever heat.

Frazer river has fallen ten feet and farmers are beginning to foot up losses. In fences alone it is thought $100,000 has been lost and in destruction of crops, farm buildings, stock and implements, bridges and roads at least $100,000 more. Railways, tracks and bridges are damaged or carried away. Wagon roads are submerged and cribbing is washed away.

Mining Market.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Mining stocks fairly active and strong. Robinson advanced from 98 to 100, closing at 98. State Line 2 and 3 advanced from 32 to 34, closing at 32. Oriental and Miller advanced from 30 to 35; Navajo strong 3.25 to 3.50. Chrysolite declined from 3.60 to 3.45. Sales of the day 167,850 shares. Bullion receipts from mines $660,000.

Boarding House Burned.

MANCHESTER, N. H., June 27. About midnight a fire broke out in a boarding house at Merrimac and Elm streets. The following persons were injured by leaping from the windows: Mary Sullivan, Ellen Ford, Harry Jennings, Margaret McNamara, Eugene Sullivan, Pat McNamara, Paul Dame, Alice Welch and Michael Mann.

Fancy Stock

LOUISVILLE, June 27 Annual short-horn sales at the farm of A. J. Lexinger, begun Saturday. An imported cow, Thorndale Rose, by the sixth Duke of Oneida, brought $5,600, Another Thorndale Rose brought $1,000; others brought good prices. Bulls averaged $1,363; cows, $397.

The Landlords' Proposition.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Patrick Egan at Paris telegraphed Patrick Ford: "The landlords, through a company with a huge capital, propose banishing Irish tenantry. English and Scotch farmers are to take their places. This means our death."

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Michael Davitt has left Philadelphia for Chicago.

Edwin Booth had a fine reception at London last night. He appeared as Richelieu.

The Denver convention of Maine met and nominated Harris W. Plaisted for governor.

The weather in New York yesterday was oppressive and several cases of sunstroke occurred.

George Councey, who robbed a jewelry store of six thousand dollars, has been arrested in Sedalia, Missouri.

Arrangements are being made for the fight between Campbell and Walling, near Pittsburgh, to take place in fifty hours.

The San Francisco board of health has decided to release the British steamer Alternor, which has been quarantined a week.

Bond Examiner Ellis thinks the Third National bank embezzlement at St. Louis will amount to $200,000, but the credit will not be affected.

The case of the gambler, Joseph McCarn, is now being tried in St. Louis. The case of Warren McChesney, a leading lottery man, is called for July 10.

A south bound passenger train on the Missouri Pacific came in collison with a north bound freight train in Texas. Several persons were injured and cars demolished.

A very severe storm visited Martin's Ferry, Ohio, yesterday afternoon. Several large buildings were unroofed and one or two demolished; fruit and shade trees were much damaged. No one hurt.

MEXICAN NATIONAL.

Elements of Traffic on the Line of the Road.

Tropical Products, Fruits and Rich Mines of Mexico.

Evidences of Increasing Business Vitality and Enterprise.

The following letter written by Mr. William Cross Buchanan, the acting chief engineer of the Mexican National Construction company, to Mr. A. G. Renshaw of London will give some idea as to the prospects and resources of the Mexican National railway, now in the course of construction in Mexico:

I am informed you desire my views about the prospects of the Mexican National railway. Having just returned from a ride of 500 miles along the line and through the country which it is to drain, I feel less hesitation in expressing my opinions than I might otherwise have done. The result of this investigation has been to inspire me with a good deal of solid confidence in the route, franchises, traffic, resources, and generally in the property and future of the company—both immediate and permanent.

While the line occupies mainly the plateau of Mexico, it hugs the edge of the productive tierra caliente of the states of Mexico, Michoacan, Jalisco and Colima all the way around from Toluca to Colima. With a northern prong or trunk to the United States, this location brings it for nearly its entire southern sweep, within a few leagues of the coffee, sugar, fruit and other productions of the tropics, which exist here in more variety within a short distance than elsewhere in the world, because of the great slope facing the south, which descends in benches from the height of the plateau, say 8,000 feet, to the Pacific Ocean. The whole of this edge and slope, especially in Michoacan, is exceedingly rich and attractive. It is by all odds the best part of Mexico, and I do not know that it has its equal in the world.

Forests of timber exist in great abundance, and streams of clear mountain water rush everywhere with frequent falls as they leave one shelf or basin to descend to the next. In Michoacan beyond Morelia, I rode for 150 miles through or near large timber. There was evidently enough to supply the capital and central and northern Mexico for a long time.

When it is considered that good pine lumber now sells for over $60 per thousand feet, board measure, in the city of Mexico, against $12 at Patzcuaro, and that firewood sells in the capital for $16 per cord, while it is but $4 at Patzcuaro, and that the greater part of the republic is nearly treeless, the importance of this extensive timber belt, which is peculiar to the route of this company, and may be considered its exclusive domain, will be more fully realized.

The area of coffee and sugar land is practically limited only by the supply of water; and this supply is altogether satisfactory. I should suppose enough of each could be raised in this belt to supply the wants of the United States.

The quality of both coffee and sugar is well known to be superior. Under the names of "Uruapam" and "Colima" the coffee is already becoming known to foreign commerce. It is scarcely, if at all, inferior to the Mocha. It can be bought at Uruapam in Michoacan for 6¼ cents per pound, would cost ½ cent per pound to reach the track at Patzcuaro and (at first-class rates) 2¾ cents per pound freight by rail to the United States at Laredo. At any such prices, considering the quality, it is believed the demand among the Americans will be for all that can be raised.

White sugar at Taretan is 6 cents per pound, if bought carefully.

Here and further south are likewise produced all the fruits of the tropics of excellent quality, especially the orange, the mango and the chirimoya, also rice, cotton, vanilla, indigo, India rubber, guayava, chocolate, Brazil woods for dyeing, cedar, mahogany, lignum vitæ, and most of the tropical precious woods, hides and goat skins, tobacco, coquito nuts for oil, ajonjoli (oil seed), copper, etc., etc. Cattle are also raised in great abundance at from $5.00 to $40.00 per head, on the rich grasses of the lower parts of Michoacan and Guerrero and sent northward to the cornfields of the Lerma and its tributaries (the "Bahio country,") where they are further fattened and drawn off to market. It seems to me, that the European demand for American beef, which has grown up within a few years, may be well supplied from this source. It is less than 1,000 miles by the Mexican National line from the heart of the cheap cattle country in Southern Michoacan to the Gulf of Mexico at Corpus Christi. This is a much less distance than they are transported in the United States, and it would seem that a business of several hundred thousand dollars annually might be derived, and at $10 or $12 per head freight. This in fact may prove to be the best and cheapest way to export the surplus maize, viz.: in the shape of fat cattle.

The plateau of Michoacan is likewise rich, but generally in a different order of products, viz.: wheat, corn, barley, beans (which are raised on a scale corresponding relatively to the potato crop of Ireland, since no person in Mexico takes a dinner without his dish of beans; while with many families they constitute the sole or chief food) and peas, (or garbanzos) which are also used generally for feeding animals, fish from the lakes, salt, cloys in great numbers, lard, cattle, cheese, tequesquite, or soda, saltire &c., while the roads here as in other parts of the republic are crowded with pack-animals and packmen, carrying the products of local manufacture or industry, such as rebosas (shawls), serapes (blankets), pottery, dulces, aguardiente, straw hats, lime, gypsum building stone, charcoal, sugar cane for fruit, earthen ware, pulque, the products of maguey fibre, rush, matting, and that great variety of other articles, with which the traveler through the interior of Mexico becomes so familiar.

When to all these, and the forests of timber, and the abundance of water power, and the superior climate (in fact one can choose his own climate, in this variety of elevation above the sea), is added what I believe is a fact, that every known mineral, including gold, silver and copper, (the latter in a great abundance of rich ores) exist in Michoacan, and are more or less worked—although the mining development is of course very meagre, It is evident that we have in the state of Michoacan a combination of natural wealth and possibilities that is altogether wonderful and exceptional for any country

My honest impression is that did the Mexican National railway have no other territory than Michoacan, it would enjoy a very satisfactory and profitable traffic; since in the matter of natural resources this province is an empire within itself, yielding, or being capable of yielding, the products of nearly every land and climate. Should the coal, of which likely samples were brought in to us at Tacambara and elsewhere, turn out to exist in workable veins, there would seem to be no element lacking to contribute to the material prosperity of this favored district, whose area is very nearly one half of that of England.

We returned to the capital by way of Morelia, which is quite an important center of trade, with a population of some 30,000. Lake Cintzes, Lake Uririo, Salvatierra, Celaya and Queretaro.

At Salvatierra, which may be considered the edge or beginning of the "Bahio," the valley of the Lerma widens out into a vast alluvial plain—very fertile—which occupies for several hundred miles the heart of Mexico, extending to Leon on the north, Queretaro on the east, and Lake Chapala on the west, and is known as the "Bahio," or lower country. The Bahio is almost everywhere under cultivation; is very productive and very populous; full of haciendas, towns and cities; and also contains one of the most important mining districts in Mexico, that of "Guanajuato."

The "Bahio" is without timber, which it draws entirely from Michoacan, together with all tropical fruits, sugar and coffee, etc., so that besides the commerce between Morelia and the city of Mexico, there is a natural interchange of traffic (already as large or larger than the former) between Michoacan and all parts of the "Bahio."

Salvatierra is a place of large business, having 15,000 population, two cotton mills and three grist mills, besides a large woolen mill now building, which will be at work in July, and water-power enough in the Lerma river not yet used, to add many more mills. The town is finely located in the midst of a rich country, and being at the edge, or junction, of the mountain valleys, which lie to the southward, with the great delta of the Bahio, where important railroad connections may be expected to take place, it seems destined to become one of the most important points of business on the Mexican National system, or indeed in Mexico. All the surroundings are promising and attractive. The municipality, I was informed, had a population of 31,000.

It is but thirty miles westerly to the next important town on the Mexican National concession, Valle de Santiago, a place of 8,000 people, but the centre of a very fertile and populous district of the Bahio.

Twelve miles further is Salamanca, with 10,000 population. A competent authority informed us there are 100,000 people living between Salvatierra and Salamanca, and 80,000 tributary to the line of railway southerly between Salvatierra and Ixtlahuaca.

Twenty-five miles north of Salvatierra, on the line to Laredo, we entered Celaya, where the National line will connect with and cross the Mexican Central. It seems to me that this connection so far from injuring either company, may increase the traffic of both. By the time the National reaches Celaya, the Central will have reached Leon, or Lagos, to the northwestward, and have opened at once the markets of Salamanca, Irapuato, Guanajuato, Silao, Leon, Lagos, etc., all large towns with much business to the traffic brought by the National from Morelia, Salvatierra, Taluca, and other points on its line; especially the timber, wood and tropical produce of Michoacan.

As the National has its own separate field to occupy and develope from Celaya directly northward through San Luis Potosi, Saltillo and Monterey to the United States border at Laredo, it can very well afford to consider the Central as a feeder and outlet from and to Leon and that important northwestern country, without troubling itself to go off after this trade directly.

Celaya has 15,000 population, one cotton mill, and a woolen mill just completed, with some hand-manufactures.

The Mexican Central had been opened the day before to this point and we returned to Mexico by rail. A new activity was observable along this old route. The road, although so new, was doing a handsome business in freight and passengers, but it appeared to be deficient in rolling stock, and we were told that a large share of the traffic of the country was still going by carts and pack mules. The rainy season will, however, doubtless give the coup de grace to this lingering competition, as it is difficult to move on the highways of the interior of Mexico after the summer rains have fairly set in. Furthermore, there is little doubt but what these highways will be left to run down by the government, shortly after the railroads are regularly in operation, as in the case of the great cart-road from Vera Cruz to Mexico, on which so much money was annually expended, which is now, in many parts, grown over with grass and scarcely recognizable.

The question of whether the "pulque" business, which is so profitable to the Vera Cruz line, will follow on the railways to the interior, appeared to be already solved; over twenty new pulque shops had started in Queretaro, and the handbills of an establishment at Celaya were seen everywhere, although the first regular train had only entered the town the day before.

While on this subject, I may say that some years ago on the Vera Cruz line the earnings from carrying pulque were less than £36,000 per year, they are now nearly £80,000, or $10,000 per mile per annum, for the distance most of it is carried. As all the population of the interior plateau of Mexico is filled with a high appreciation of the virtues of "Pulque from the Plains of Apam," I feel sure that this traffic, like that from beer and liquors in other countries, (especially if all the beer had to be carried from one locality), will yield good returns to the National and Central lines, since the market is a very wide and extended one.

I have only as yet referred to the country tributary to the Mexican National line in Michoacan and the "Bahio," but between the City of Mexico and Michoacan are numerous sources of local traffic, which are, perhaps, better known to you—the valley of Toluca, with a quarter of million of people, a valley, perhaps, in no way inferior to that of the City of Mexico; also a rich and populous country both in tropical products, timber and otherwise, lying to the south, southwest and west of Toluca; the valley of the Lerma, which the railroad line follows by various towns and numerous haciendas of wheat and barley, and between the two mountain ranges for 100 miles, both of which are timbered, and in one of which are the mines of Sultepec, Trojes, Hapajuala and Eloro.

So much for what I have particularly observed on my recent inspection.

But in the course of a long residence in Mexico I have either seen personally or acquired in other satisfactory ways, some idea of the country and elements of traffic beyond the belt I have described.

Beyond Michoacan and the "Bahio" the Mexican National line traverses Jalisco and Colima. Like Michoacan, these are rich states both in minerals and agriculture, with somewhat similar diversity of production, but not so generously supplied with water.

Guadalajara has been aptly called the Chicago of Mexico, and is an industrious place of 60,000 people. Colima has over 30,000, and is, perhaps, the finest city in the tierra caliente of Mexico. It is about 2,500 feet above the sea.

Sayula and Zapotlan are large and important towns, the one having a speciality of the tequesquite business and the other of soap making.

The salt traffic from Lake Cuyutlan far into the interior of Mexico will furnish considerable tonnage.

Manzanillo is a most unhealthy place, although it never has yellow fever; but it is one of the three natural harbors [illegible] in the entire republic, and considering its situation on the open Pacific (instead of the California gulf, as in the case of Guaymas), and with an accessible back country (unlike Acapulco) it may be considered about the only good harbor in Mexico.

A few hundred f[illegible] pier at Manzanillo, (where there are [illegible] nine feet of water), at an estimated cost of a few thousand dollars, would enable large ships to land their cargoes without lightering. The Pacific Mail steamers now lie within 200 feet of the end of the company's wharf.

So much for the Inter-Oceanic line.

When the track has been laid on the road-bed, whose earthworks and [illegible] are now nearly done, half of the entire distance (615 miles) will have been accomplished. Of the remainder, nearly all is cheap work, the entire difficulties being comprised within [illegible] than thirty miles of distance.

On the International division, after Salvatierra and Celaya, which have been mentioned; the country continues good with abundant local traffic northward through the important towns of San Miguel, Dolores and San Felipe, to San Luis Potosi, a distance of 150 miles from Celaya, and for 62 miles beyond San Luis to Venado.

San Luis Potosi is credited with 50,000 population, and is one of the very large centers of commerce in Mexico. [illegible] at Venado, the company's branch to [illegible] (of which 20 miles are completed) will come in. The traffic to and from that mining district is likely to be entirely satisfactory. The town of Zacatecas is now credited with 50,000 population, and the mines are ranked among the richest worked in Mexico. On the way is Salinas, or Pinon Blanco, one of the largest sources of salt supply in Mexico, from which 110,000 tons are reported to have been shipped last year.

Between Venado and Saltillo, a distance of about 170 miles, the country is very much of a desert. In this gap, however, occur the famous mining districts of Catorce and Matehuala (the latter now in bonanza), while that of Mazapil is accessible to the westward. These mines are productive, and it is fortunate that they occur in what would otherwise be a very barren portion of the line. There are also some oases to the westward which will contribute business, such as the vineyards of Parras.

North of a line between San Luis and Salinas, as far north as Gallinas (60 miles from San Luis) a country exists where a fibre is produced from the maguey, reported to be equal to, or better, than that of the henequin of Yucatan. It is reported that as large a quantity can be raised here as is now produced in Yucatan, which last year raised 65,900 tons. The distance from Corpus Christi to San Luis is 610 miles. In 1868 Yucatan raised only 70 tons.

From Saltillo to Laredo, the local elements of traffic appear to me satisfactory. Monterey is a distributing point of 30,000 or 40,000 population. There are eight cotton mills at Saltillo and Monterey.

Along between Monterey and Lampazos, there are producing copper and silver lead mines, while the coal and iron ore, which are factors to regenerate Mexico, may prove to be more important than any element in the long list I have enumerated, come in on this division. Unless good coal is found between here and the tierra caliente of Michoacan (of which the prospect does not as yet seem encouraging) it is not unlikely that the iron for Mexico will be manufactured on this section of the line. Important as I believe will be the timber trade from the forests of Michoacan to the "Bahio," the capital and mints of the far north; the carriage of tropical produce and fruits to central and northern Mexico and the United States; the cotton trade from Texas and the [illegible] to the 40 or 50 cotton mills which are already counted upon the lines of the Mexican National company; the cattle trade from Michoacan and the "Bahio" to Corpus Christi; and that in the national [illegible]; and the transportation of machinery, tools, and hardware of every de-

[Concluded on 4th Page.]

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY
THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.
Per annum.....$10.00 | Six Months.....$5.00
Three Months.....2.50 | One Month.....1.00

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.
Per annum.....$2.00 | Six Months.....$1.00
Three Months.....50 | One Month.....25

ADVERTISING
Rates made known on application at the office.

JOB WORK.
Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued, will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. Harry Iles is the authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing Company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

The tariff commission will meet in Washington on the 6th of July, for the purpose of organizing.

Arabi Pasha declares that he will promptly attack any foreign troops that may land on the shores of Egypt.

The Ute bill will undoubtedly come up in the house this week. Its passage by that body is considered certain.

The California democrats have found another fossil in the person of General Stoneman, whom they have nominated for governor.

The just completed report of Mr. Burchard, director of the mint, gives the production of gold in the United States last year at $34,700,000, and of silver $43,000,000; total, $77,700,000.

We have not as yet noticed any mention of the devastating worm in the papers published in the great agricultural regions of the state. A gentleman from Pueblo says that they are not to be found in that section.

We have just received the first number of the Silver Record, published at Gothic, by Messrs. Waggoner and Cassidy, recently of this office. The paper is well gotten up, and we sincerely hope it may be in all respects successful.

The Leadville Democrat says: "There will no representation of fire laddies from Leadville in the state tournament. The *esprit du corps* of our fire department vanished with the disbandment of the old and reliable volunteer force."

From the 1st to the 18th of the present month, the Mineral Division of the General Land Office passed on 111 mineral claims, the largest number ever approved before in the same time. Colorado bore away the lion's share, receiving 71 patents; Utah received 1? and California 16.

Our exchanges say that the new Nome smelter, which recently blew in at Fairplay, is entirely successful in every respect. It does not require lead ores as a flux, but can run on any of the kinds of ores found in the vicinity of Fairplay. The citizens of Park county are rejoicing greatly over the result.

During the fiscal year, ended June 30th, 1881, the exports of merchandise from the United States to all countries reached a value of $902,377,000, and the imports into the United States $643,035,000, making the value of our foreign trade $1,545,042,000. Pretty heavy for a country only one hundred years old.

It matters not what may be the decision of President Arthur's attorney general on the legality of political assessments; the matter will continue to be a question in politics until the foul system shall be broken up. By the way, Collector Robertson, of New York, says that no one in his employ shall be compelled to contribute, or dismissed for refusing to do so.

Mrs. Scoville, sister of Guiteau, is trying to see Mrs. Garfield to tell her the peculiar circumstances of her brother's birth, as only one woman can tell another, and to intercede for mercy for him.—[Exchange.

Although Guiteau's birth can hardly be called a dead issue, it seems to us that the vital question now is, how he shall go out of the world. So far as we can judge a large majority are in favor of seeing him go feet foremost.

Suppose that one of Colorado's senators should insist upon naming the men who should be elected mayor and aldermen of Leadville. Would the Chronicle support such assurance or would it become a kicker or bolter.—[Colorado Springs Gazette.

We don't want to anticipate the reply in regular order of the catechised to the above query, but in our unasked opinion the action of the Chronicle under the circumstances hypothetically stated, would depend altogether upon who should get the city clerkship.—[Leadville Democrat.

As the question is a hard one to answer let the Chronicle have plenty of time to reply.

We think that the Republic is right in stating that the worm now visiting us is not the army worm. We were told yesterday by Mr. Bracket, secretary of the Kansas State Horticultural society, who ought to be very familiar with the army worm, that our visitors are quite another kind of soup meat; and as he is not acquainted with the worm now troubling us he was inclined to think that it is indigenous to this country. An old settler in the county informs us that this same worm came here about 1871, he was not certain as to the exact year. Governor Hunt also tells us that a number of years ago, just after the state had been ravaged by the grasshoppers, that a worm made its appearance in large numbers and did much damage. We notice that these worms destroy whatever they touch. If they weave a web about the lower leaves of a strawberry plant, the whole plant, although but little eaten, appears to lose heart and cease growing. The worm seems to like certain weeds, particularly that known as lambs quarters, better than cultivated fruits and vegetables. We think that, as they grow, their appetites will lessen and that they will disappear without doing much further damage.

The Leadville Chronicle makes several mistakes in its answer to our criticisms of Senator Cameron's methods. It denies that Pennsylvania is a reliable republican state, and cites its vote for Buchanan away back in 1856, when the republican party was in its infancy, and running a candidate for the presidency for the first time. It speaks of the many narrow escapes the state has since made from falling into the hands of the democracy, but neglects to say that it has never since failed to cast a large majority of its votes for every republican candidate for the presidency. Well informed politicians consider Pennsylvania as reliable a republican state as either Illinois or Iowa, *though not by so large a majority* in proportion to the number of votes cast. It attributes all the victories that the republicans have ever won in the state to Cameron's influence, when it is notorious that these victories were won in spite of the incubus of Cameronism. It says that Blaine lost the vote of Pennsylvania on the final ballot at Cincinnati, through the folly of his friends, and the dishonorable teachings of the reformers. The fact is that Blaine had a majority of the members of the Pennsylvania convention, and that Cameron seeing this, brought Hartranft forward as a candidate, and appealed to the convention to instruct its delegates to vote for him, not "as long as he was a candidate" but so long as they thought he had a fair chance of being nominated. The vote for Hartranft was never considered more than a complimentary one by a majority of the Pennsylvania delegates. They asked Cameron at the end of the second ballot to call them out for consultation, but he begged them to vote once more for Hartranft and if he showed no increase of strength then he would agree to drop him. Cameron then got Senator Jones, his particular friend, and one or two southern delegates, to vote for Hartranft merely for his (Cameron's) sake. They did so, and by this means made some of the delegates believe that their candidate had some chance and led them to hold on to him a little longer. An able Blaine delegate from Chester county, seeing through Cameron's trick, appealed to the convention to be allowed to have his vote recorded for Blaine, as the chairman, Cameron, refused to so report it, and the convention decided in his favor. This broke up the unit rule and gave Cameron a chance to defeat Blaine openly by withholding twenty-eight votes from him *on the final ballot*. It is *no* longer a secret, however, that Cameron never intended to let the whole delegation vote for Blaine. A Cameron delegate informed us that seventeen members of the delegation had arranged a plan for preventing *this, and one of the Blaine delegates* accused Cameron of bad faith then and there and Cameron's only answer was, "To hell with Blaine."

We asked the Chronicle a few days ago whether it would allow one of Colorado's senators to dictate to the people of Leadville whom they should nominate for local officers, as Cameron does in all cases in the larger cities of Pennsylvania, but it has not yet replied.

MEXICAN NATIONAL.

[Concluded from first page.]

scription from the United States to distribute throughout Mexico, this coal trade seems likely to exceed all in tonnage. With the increased activity of the people since the railroad works began, especially noticeable in the erection of new cotton and other mills, there seems to be impending a "fuel famine" in the republic. When I was here last the price of firewood in the capital was, if I remember correctly, about $6 per cord. Two years ago, I learn, it was $8 per cord. It is now over $16 per cord, at which rate good coal at $20 to $25 per ton would be cheaper. The government has just made a contract with the Vera Cruz line to reduce its freight rate on coal to $12 per ton from Vera Cruz to the capital so as to permit foreign coal to be used. Considering the demand among nine or ten millions of people dwelling chiefly in a treeless country *for fuel for mining*, reduction works, factories, mills, gas works and household use, in connection with that required by the rapid spread of railroads, a line which can enjoy the principal coal traffic of the country would probably need but little other freight to keep it busy; and here let me say that I notice a considerable change in Mexico since I left it nine years ago. There is more business vitality; every steamer from the United States brings in farming and other machinery which is just beginning to be introduced—sewing machines have come into general use the tramways of the capital have occupied most of the principal streets, and have extended *long* distances out into the suburbs in every direction, and the cars are well filled. They are said to pay 20 or 30 per cent. The price of land has become an object of interest and discussion, and it has risen considerably in price. New mills are being erected here and through the interior. The people seem hopeful—the roads are generally safe, and there is no whisper of revolutions; evidently these would be considered altogether out of order now. The president in his message to congress says that the custom house and general revenues of the country increased at the rate of 30 per cent. in the first half of last year over the previous one.

These are all encouraging signs, and to me indicate something of what may be expected when the railroad lines are well extended; since the mere promise of them has proved such a wholesome stimulus.

I have said nothing of the passenger business. That it will be large, even without the United States connection, the experience of the "Central" would seem to indicate. Their trains are well filled, almost entirely with second and third class passengers. The poorer classes of the Mexicans have always been great travelers—the roads are crowded *with them. But when the railroad lines are* got out well into the interior the better classes will, I believe, find it necessary and desirable to travel on commercial business, for curiosity, or pleasure, to visit their haciendas, etc. These have not hitherto considered the roads safe, and even if they had been, the fatigue and discomforts have been so great that travel was something to be avoided. But the third class travel here, as in England, will always be the largest. When, however, the railroad connection is made with the United States a new element will be introduced. The experience of Colorado, Florida and California has shown to what an extent the Americans travel for pleasure and health where the climate or scenery attracts them. It appears plain that this will be repeated on a very much larger scale to Michoacan and numerous other attractive points of Mexico; and it will be almost exclusively first-class travel, paying over four and a half cents per mile, besides a liberal additional charge for baggage.

Now to speak of the works:

The track will reach Toluca before this letter reaches you. It has been a hard pull of eighteen months, but it is now over, and with it, I think, all the topographical difficulties of Mexico that are likely to trouble *this company. The rest is comparatively* plain sailing, but the crossing of this range has been as difficult as the ascent of the Cumbres on the Vera Cruz line. Too expensive a route was adopted, but it is some satisfaction to know that the location is probably the best that could be got in the present or future as regards distance, grades or curves. Beyond Toluca the earthworks and masonry are so far advanced (for 273 miles in all from Mexico) to Morelia and Patzcuaro, that what remains to be done can be readily kept ahead of the track layers, while the rails, fastenings and rolling stock have been purchased and are chiefly here to reach *Morelia*.

Throughout I found the character of the works as well in location as in width of the cuts and embankments, and in the style of masonry unnecessarily expensive. There had not been shown the usual American adaptiveness, but everything had been done too much, perhaps—to rule for a beginning in a new country. Most of the work is wide enough for standard gauge trains. However, the errors seem to be mainly in the direction of greater thoroughness and look to economy in the operation and maintenance of the property, and the extra outlay while unnecessary at the start, will not finally be lost for the company.

The fact that the road has been too well built under the circumstances and the unexpected difficulties and delays attending the Toluca division, with the scarcity of contractors, the very large proportion of bridging in this part of Mexico (where the rains of summer are heavy and besides the ordinary drains of the country, thousands of artificial ones in the shape of irrigating ditches must be crossed) and the difficulty of the first organization, appear to account for any disappointment in regard to the cost heretofore. However, most of these disadvantages are now over, and I am confident after a revision of the recent estimates which entered into the printed report of General Palmer in February, 1882, that the work will be done within those figures.

North of Acambaro (where our international and inter-oceanic lines diverge) to Salvatierra, Celaya and San Luis Potosi, a distance of nearly two hundred miles, the work is very light, and from all I know of the country it continues so for over two hundred miles further, to near Saltillo, with a very small amount of bridging. While there is some mountain work between Saltillo and Monterey it cannot be compared in character with our mountains here, where the annual rainfall is so much heavier; and I learn that the work is not serious even with a maximum gradient of two per cent. Thence to Laredo and Corpus Christi the earthworks are about done, and the track so nearly completed that it is expected to reach Villaldama June 1st, and Monterey in August.

I believe the four hundred and seventy miles between Acambaro and Monterey will not cost over $15,000 per mile, (especially as the rails will chiefly come in from the north); and that by working from both ends to meet at San Luis Potosi, the line to the United States could be completed, if desired, during the year 1883. Neither do I see any reason why the entire system should not be completed, including the line to the Pacific and the heavy Toluca division, within the original estimate of General Palmer of $20,000 per mile. By the month of October there is little doubt but we shall four hundred and twenty miles completed in Mexico, as follows:

Mexico to Maravatio	135 miles
Laredo to Monterey	170 "
Manzanillo to the Armeria	30 "
Zacatecas division	20 "
Irola and Matamoras sections	14 "
El Salto line	51 "
Total in Mexico	420 miles
Besides the lines of the company in Texas	180 miles
In all	600 miles

I believe it is a mistake to suppose that any exceptional or special difficulties will be encountered here, due to its being Mexico; on the contrary, the mildness and healthfulness *of the climate throughout ninety-eight per* cent, of the company's system, the usually populous and fertile character of the country and the abundance of good labor, (an expression which I use advisedly), all rather tend to turn the scale the other way. I see few difficulties peculiar to the people or the government. The new railways are undoubtedly quite popular. The railroad feeling runs strong among nearly all classes. There is no trouble with the land holders, whose properties are invaded, less even I believe than in the United States, thanks partially to the clause in the concessions making the previous year's appraisement for taxation the basis of valuation when condemned; and I have seen little of that undue official interference and over-exactness which might have been feared. The government inspector, as well as the heads of departments and people, all appear too much interested in the progress and success of the lines to think of imposing useless *standards and formalities* at least this is our experience at this end of line. If any difficulties arise on the border I have no doubt they will be removed by the central government as soon as possible. As regards the government, it is evidently friendly. As in the case of the Vera Cruz line, the disposition seems to be rather to condone defaults for the sake of the general result which all desire. After our line has reached Toluca, a consummation which the whole republic has been looking forward to since the empire, the confidence of the government and the people in the Mexican National line will probably be all that could be asked.

I have visited Colorado and seen the principal lines of the Denver and Rio Grande railway and the country it drains. Except in the matter of language and the simple fact of this being a foreign land, I would regard the natural difficulties of carrying on the railway business there as being far greater than in Mexico: *both in the building and subsequent* operation. The grades and curves are very much easier here and the climate more genial, although fuel is cheaper there. But the producing population here (with every allowance for the difference in their character, although my Colorado friends tell me a Mexican in southern Colorado does about as much work per day in a coal mine or on a railroad grade as an Anglo-Saxon) is so vastly greater and the natural resources so much larger and more varied, (the actual yield of the precious metals being now about the same in the two countries) that I cannot see how the lines in Colorado can do nearly as well as those in Mexico in respect of relative earning per mile.

Further, if as I am informed, the average freight rates charged on the Denver and Rio Grande railway last year were but 3¼ cents per ton per mile. In a country whose grades, curves and climate are so much more severe, where labor is several fold as high and where the total population and produce are so meagre compared with Mexico, I see no difficulty in the concessioned rates of the Mexican National company, whose lowest rate is 2⅜ cents per ton of 2,000 pounds per mile, whose second class is 4⅓ cents, and whose highest is 5⅓ cents. For the first year, however, I am informed by the solicitor, the company has the power to classify the freight to suit itself, except the national cereals, which are already classified by law as third class. The loading and unloading can also be done at the expense of the shipper.

As regards the passenger service, the first and second-class rates are 4½ cents and 3¼ cents respectively per mile; but the solicitor of the company states that the company can impose its own extra rates for baggage.

Whether the Indios would travel at much higher rates than the third class ones, viz: 1 6-10 cents per mile may be a question. But it is not doubted that they will travel in great numbers at that low rate. It should also be remembered that there is special provision for apportioning the rates to the difficulties and cost of operating—provided that on no kilometre shall the rates exceed the stipulated first-class rates.

The Mexican Central, although so newly opened, on its first division is reported to be already earning, with insufficient equipment, $3,500 per day, or at the rate of $7,000 per annum per mile. This is exclusive of all construction material.

The Vera Cruz line is reported to be earning at the rate of $18,000 to $20,000 per mile. In either case the country traversed and opened up is in my opinion very far inferior to that traversed by the Mexican National line. While as regards the foreign trade of the Vera Cruz line, no one can doubt that it is small as compared with that which will be enjoyed by the National when it shall have put the restless population of the United States, with all of its busy industries, in communication with the interior of Mexico and its capital, through an entirely healthy country. That we shall see manufactured goods and machinery in every form, and articles of domestic use and the products of a northern climate come down in exchange for the sugar, coffee, tobacco, fruits, hides, wool, cattle and other products of Mexico with crowds of passengers does not in my mind admit of a doubt. In short, in studying the subject, I see so many elements both of local and foreign interchange for this line, that I have no hesitation in expressing my strong conviction that if the financial part of the programme is carried out without hindrance, the enterprise is one of unusual merit and profit.

There is no country where from the topography and climate railroads are more necessary now than in Mexico. They will be the rivers of the country where there are no water courses for navigation.

Only one word more.

The Vera Cruz railroad made a contract with the government which required the payment of a very large subsidy during a period when the country was at its poorest and drained by civil war and revolutions. That subsidy has all been paid to date. Mr. Braniff says there is none in default. Mexico is now rich in comparison with those years, and is growing richer daily. That the subsidy to the Mexican National railway will be promptly paid in accordance with its terms as it is earned, there is, in my opinion, and in that of all well informed people here, no more doubt than that the Vera Cruz subsidy has been and will be paid as due.

A Botch

Can in a few minutes spoil a fine watch to such an extent that it will take a first-class workman days to repair. We make a specialty of fine watch repairing, and by the aid of machinery we can make any part of a watch damaged by an incompetent workman, as good as new. All we ask is a trial to convince you that we can do as we say. Bring all your fine and complicated watches to us, and don't run the risk of having them spoiled by inexperienced workmen. Our rates are moderate.

A. ALLEN, PRACTICAL JEWELER,
No. 27 South Tejon Street.

WHIPPLE & ROBY,
Contractors and Builders,
NEVADA AVENUE. c-22-tf

MANITOU PARK HOTEL!
Open July 1st.

Stage leaves Miss Warren's, corner Nevada and Boulder aves., Colorado Springs, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 a. m., and from R. R. depot, Manitou, one hour later.

Billiard Room and Livery Connected with Hotel.

ADDRESS:
Miss A. A WARREN.
Lock box 760, Colorado Springs, Colo. f-21-2m

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Springs Gas and Coke company will be *held at their office in the First National Bank of Colorado Springs in the city of Colorado Springs on the second (2d) Friday in July, 1882*, to elect directors for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

A. S. WELCH, Secretary.
June 14, 1882. f-14-td

W. T. HOGUE
(Successor to Bentley & Hogue,)
Transacts a general agency in
Real Estate.
Has on hand a large amount of
MONEY TO LOAN,
And represents a full line of
Reliable Insurance Companies.
All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to.
Office with Judge Bentley. o-6-3m.

FOR
PLAIN AND FANCY CAKES
—AND—
BREAD,
Of Superior Quality,
GO TO
WM. RUSH'S BAKERY
Opera House Block m7tf

F. G. ROWE,
Real Estate.
MONEY LOANED
On good real estate security.

FOR SALE!

The new and beautiful residence of Mr. Coulter on North Tejon st. near the public square. This place, but recently completed, is thoroughly built of selected material, and neatly finished in all its parts. Floors double with building paper between, large bay window, connecting parlors, elegant tapestry carpets, shuttle head windows opening on porch, large closets, linen drawers, nice pantry with flour bin, closets and drawers, stone cellar, bath room, stationery stands, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Choice property, situated in one of the best residence *blocks in the city*. Parties desiring to examine it will please call for a permit. Price reasonable.

BUSINESS OPENING, in one of the most successful houses in the city. But moderate capital required. This is a rare opportunity for securing a safe and prosperous business.

Beautiful cottage with large and attractive grounds on N. Tejon st. near public square. A gem. $5,500.

Hay ranch, one of the best in the state, cuts an average of 360 tons hay yearly, besides several hundred acres tillable land under ditch with abundance of water in the dryest season, 8 miles fenced one way by 9 the other.

House of 7 rooms, porch, &c., on a beautiful corner lot on North Nevada ave, near center of city; fine lawn and shade trees, &c. Lot fronts south and west; $3,650.

Brick house on Huerfano street; blinds, cellar, large lawn, trees, &c. This place is in nice condition inside and out, in good neighborhood, and will rent to pay fine interest on the investment; $1,800.

Two choice lots on North Weber street, near city water; $350 each.

Large corner lot with nice residence on Huerfano st.; $3,600.

Splendid corner on North Tejon st., 80x190, fronting south and east; city water to pass the lot; good fence and shade trees. A very desirable corner; $1,200. Also a good inside lot well fenced and near the above, 100x190, for $800.

A ranch near Husted station; 480 acres under barbed wire fence, 300 acres tillable, cuts 15 to 20 tons of hay, stream of water, also living spring. House of 4 rooms, pantry and two closets, outside cellar, frame barn for eight horses, tight board corral, tight board garden fence, large adjoining range, 14 acres of timber, 50,000 feet of saw lumber. Best dairy ranch in that vicinity. $2,500.

Small house on South Nevada ave, $750, lot 50x190.

House of 2 rooms on South Nevada ave., lot 50x190; $600.

Very pretty house on South Nevada avenue, 5 rooms, bay window, China closet, connecting parlors, high ceilings, nice finish, (native wood); lot 50x190; within five minutes walk of postoffice; $3,000.

20 acre ranch close to town; $1,100.

New two story house on North Nevada ave., modern style and first class in every respect; $5,300.

Pretty cottage on Nevada ave., three blocks from postoffice, with nice lot 100x190, good good lawn, garden, strawberry bed, &c., $2,100. Bargain.

Rare chance. Very nice pleasant cottage of six rooms completely furnished, in payments to suit. Location is excellent (Nevada ave. near Pike's Peak ave.) House is new, well built and home like. A very desirable property, close to centre of business. $3,500 for house and furniture complete, small payment down, long time on balance.

Cottage house on N. Tejon st., near first-class business property. This is a choice location, and can be had at a real bargain for a few days. Do not fail to see it.

Very choice business property on Tejon st., one of the best locations in the city.

Fine place on Nevada avenue near Kiowa street; excellent house, attractive grounds, central location, price $6,000. The above is a very cheap and desirable property.

Corner lot with two nice houses on west side Weber st. north of Pike's Peak avenue. This is a splendid property either for residence purposes or as an investment as it is in one of the best locations in the city and pays good interest.

I have for sale a few vacant lots on North Nevada avenue near the lands of the North End Improvement company and in the vicinity of some of the finest residences in the city, which I will sell very low to parties agreeing to make good improvements.

Fine new residence on North Nevada ave. near St. Vrain st.; lot 100x190; house of 7 rooms built by day's work in best of manner. Splendid location and very cheap place.

Residence on Pike's Peak avenue can be had at a bargain.

Fine corner lot on Pike's Peak avenue with house of 10 rooms, good barn, lawn, shade trees, etc., $8,800; one of the cheapest properties in the market.

Two-story residence of 7 rooms on South Weber st. Fine grounds, stable, etc. Lot 50x190, $2,600. The improvements alone on this property are well worth the money.

FINE BUSINESS.—I have for sale the very prosperous business of Mr. Norton on Kiowa street near Tejon, including a large amount of nice furniture.

Corner lot on South Nevada ave. $375. Lot adjoining above for $225.

Cozy place on North Tejon st., lot 50x190, house well adapted for two small families. Half of the house is now rented for $25 per month. Excellent location, $2,600.

Very pleasant cottage on South Nevada av., for $950.

Small place of 3 rooms on Costilla st.

Splendid corner 50x190 on Tejon st., $1,500.

One of the best residences on N. Cascade avenue, with large finely kept grounds; can be had for a few days at a low figure.

Corner lot 50x100 on South Tejon st. with 7 rooms, closet and cellar, $1,800.

Very pretty 1½ story house of 6 rooms on the west side North Tejon st.; nice porches, lawn, etc., good barn, $4,300.

Splendid sheep ranch, 4½ miles from city limits; 8,000 acres under fence also good division fences, excellent sheds 6½ feet high. Stone house 7 large rooms, several cabins, corrals, abundance of water, and as good facility for handling a large number of sheep as can be found in the state. Rare opportunity for sheep business on a large scale, and near city.

FOR RENT.

Elegantly furnished house on the northwest corner of Tejon st. and Willamette ave., of 7 rooms, barn, etc., fine lawn, splendid neighborhood, $75 *per month*.

Nice house on Huerfano st., newly papered and painted; $25.

Completely furnished cottage of 3 rooms on Kiowa st.; $20.

5 room house on Huerfano; $22.50.

6 room cottage on Wahsatch avenue, very desirable, $18.

5 room cottage on Kiowa st., nicely furnished; $30.

The above embraces but a small portion of the properties I have for sale.

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting, or loaning money are cordially invited to call.

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE, Tejon street, opposite Opera House. b-18-tf

HENRY LeB. WILLS,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
Fire Insurance Written in the Strongest Companies.
MONEY TO LOAN
On approved Real Estate security.
Houses for Rent, Furnished and Unfurnished.
City Lots and Improved Property For Sale.
NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

FOR SALE!

A fine residence on corner lot 100x100 with furniture complete, at a bargain.
Garden tract of 10 acres, close to town with good house and barn; price $2,000.
Lot 50x190 on Wahsatch ave.; $300.
100 foot corner on N. Weber; $1,200.
100 foot corner on N. Wahsatch; $750.
Central lot on N. Weber; $75.
Lot on Corona; $400.
90x190 on N. Tejon, facing west; $825.
Fine residence on a corner on Cascade, in perfect order, very commodious, bath rooms and all conveniences; new stable, laundry, coal houses, &c. Large lawn and strawberry bed. One of the best places in town.
A small business property on Huerfano street, paying a large percentage on cost.
Two lots on South Wahsatch which I can sell low for building purposes.
A desirable residence with stable &c., on a very central lot on Nevada. Owner having purchased another property will dispose of this at reasonable figures.
A new house in the best part of town, now leased for one year at good rental. A good property for investment.
Well built brick house of 4 rooms on corner lot. Rents furnished for $28 per month. Can sell with furniture complete for $1,600.
Very desirable residence on best part of North Tejon; $3,850.
House, stable, &c., on full lot on Huerfano; $[illegible].
Also a long list of other improved and unimproved properties.

FOR RENT.

Very desirable furnished house on St. Vrain, at a reasonable rental for the summer.
Store room on S. Tejon, near the postoffice. Per month, $12.
New house of 4 rooms very centrally located on Cascade ave., city water. Per month, $16.
New house of 4 rooms near Wahsatch ave.; city water. Per month, $15.
Completely furnished house of four rooms; city water. Per month, $25.
Small house on Weber; per month, $7.
House of 8 rooms in good order, on Wahsatch; city water. Per month, $20.
A very desirable residence on Cascade, in perfect order, with bath room, &c. New stable with two finished rooms; large outside laundry and coal house; 50 foot lawn with strawberry bed. Per month, $75.
House of 5 rooms on Bijou st.; per month, $15.
House of 8 large rooms on Cascade; laundry and outbuildings. Partly furnished. Per mo, $45.
Desirable house of 8 large rooms and stoned cellar with good out buildings on Boulder street, in fine order. Per month, $40.
Also several other houses furnished and unfurnished.

OFFICE, NO. 19 N. TEJON STREET. a 18

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for our card rates.

Second year of H. L. Parker's private school begins Monday, Sept. 4. Three grades—Primary, Intermediate, and Academic. Tuition according to grade. Kindergarten under charge of Miss Fannie Lair. f 8 tf

DR. W. N. MESERVE,
DENTIST.
UNION BLOCK. s-29-tf

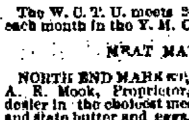
JOHN CAMPBELL,
(Successor to Helm & Campbell,)
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, opposite post office, rooms 2 and 3 St[illegible]ell's block. m-10-tf

Dr. Chas. E. Edwards
DENTIST.
OFFICE OPPOSITE OPERA HOUSE. Appointments can be made by telephone. f 31 tf

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



JAMES DUNCAN'S MUSIC STORE. Pianos and Organs for sale or rent. East side of Tejon, near Kiowa. f-11-tf

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays of each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

MEAT MARKETS.

NORTH END MARKET, cor. Tejon and Kiowa. A. R. Mook, Proprietor, wholesale and retail dealer in the choicest meats of all kinds, ranch and state butter and eggs. I make a specialty of solid meat oysters, fish, game, etc. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention. k-14-tf

PIKE'S PEAK MARKET, No. 42 Pike's Peak avenue, Hopkins, Farrar & Conger, proprietors, wholesale and retail dealers in beef, mutton, pork, poultry, fish and game. Telephone connection with all parts of the city. Orders promptly filled. m-14-tf

CONFECTIONERY.

PETER MARIANI, dealer in Foreign and California Fruits, Whitman's Philadelphia Candies received by express every day. f-4-t

FIRST
National Bank,
OF COLORADO SPRINGS.
Capital, $50,000.
Surplus, 10,000
IRVING HOWBERT, President.
MATTHEW KENNEDY, Cashier.
A. S. WELCH, Ass't Cashier.
Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business. a-1-tf

Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper
At the Gazette Office.

DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1882.

INVALIDS AND TOURISTS.

The Seven Lakes Hotel is Now Open.

It is the highest hotel of the kind in the world, and in the highest forest

The principal lake is eighty feet deep and one mile in diameter, it is the highest in the world, being 11,400 feet above tide water.—[Report of the U S Signal Service

It has the highest sail boats in the world

The road via Cheyenne canon and Beaver park to Pike's Peak, about 13,000 feet, is the highest carriage road in the world, and the hotel and canon crater, within which are the hotel and lakes, is the highest and largest in the world. It does not militate against the crater that it has but one opening."—(Chancellor of the Kansas State University)

Professor Spring, says "The scenery is extra ordinary, sublime beyond description."

Said the pyrotechnist who made the fire works for the great Masonic celebration in Chicago "I never felt so near the Great White Throne as when beholding these stupendous remains of God Almighty's fire works."

Rev. H. C. Crane, says "Along the Cheyenne road and at the lakes the views are glorious. By the old lake-bed over 13,000 feet in the air, I found many precious crystals. I have never felt so happy since my marriage day."

Rev. Mrs Crane "All this and heaven too."

Bierstadt, the Rocky Mountain artist "I never grow weary looking at it. It changes every hour. Cheyenne mountain over the very crest of which runs the road of the lakes and Pike's Peak is the only mountain in the world which rises without a base. From the prairies it boldly springs up 4,000 feet."

Various journals notably the Atlantic Monthly and "H H" speak kindly of the house lake and road.

"O for some kind friend to kick me up an other hill" said Mark Twain before the road was made.

The water is highly developed [illegible] ozone (pro-[illegible]) cures many diseases. Exhaustion nervousness and every symptom of paralysis at once disappear, as with many lung and heart troubles.

The hotel is four miles from Pike's Peak (of floral surveys) and the carriage road three miles therefrom.

Everything in hostlery, guides, couriers, horses, burros, tents, lunches, etc., furnished at reasonable rates.

A tent hotel at or near the Peak (timber line).

An abundance of goat's or cow's milk for invalids.

Carriages for stable as guests require.

Regular stage line Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

M G SMITH

President Cheyenne Seven Lakes and Pike's Peak toll road.

Address Seven Lakes House, Colorado Springs, Colo, or Mr Mills of Bartlett & Mills, opposite Opera House, Colorado Springs. f 6-tf

OSTRANDER & THOMAS,

DEALERS IN

LUMBER

AND

Building Material of All Kinds.

INCLUDING

BUILDING PAPER, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, GLASS, &c.

Nevada Avenue, South of Huerfano Street. b-24 tf

W. LENNOX & [illegible]

[illegible]

And Dealers in

CANON CITY COAL

Office at Coal yard, near freight depot. Order books at the hardware store of G. S. Barnes and Dunbar & Lee.

AINSWORTH BROWN,

Opera House Block

Painters' Materials and Oils,

WALL PAPER, GLASS,

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS

Painting, Paper Hanging—and Calcimining. f 19-tf

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Loring S. Richardson of Colorado Springs, in the county of El Paso, in the state of Colorado, by his certain deed of trust dated April 1st, 1881 and duly recorded in the office of the clerk and recorder of said county on July 1st, 1881, in book 40 at page 141 of the records of said El Paso county, to secure the payment of his nine promissory notes dated April 1st, 1881, for the aggregate sum of $4,800 payable to the order of Martha C. Gentry, eight of said notes being for $500 each, and payable respectively on or before three, six, nine, twelve, fifteen, eighteen, twenty-one, and twenty-four months after date, and one of said notes being for $600 payable on or before twenty-seven months after date, and each note bearing interest from date until paid at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, did convey to James H. Barlow, of the said city of Colorado Springs in said county and state, as trustee, all those premises hereinafter described by which trust deed it is provided that in case of default in the payment of said notes or any part thereof, or the interest thereon it may be lawful for said James H. Barlow to advertise and sell the premises in said trust deed described and as therein provided, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes and interest, according to the tenor of said notes, and the same are now unpaid, now therefore, I, James H. Barlow, trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, do hereby give public notice that I shall on Thursday, the 20th day of July, A D 1882 at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon at the east door of the court house in the said city of Colorado Springs in the county and state aforesaid, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described, to wit:

Lots number one (1) and two (2) in Elizabeth F. Wolfe's subdivision of block number two hundred and forty five (245) in addition one (1) of Colorado Springs in the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Loring S. Richardson, his heirs or assigns, therein.

JAMES H. BARLOW, Trustee.
Colorado Springs, Colorado, June 23, A D 1882.
127-g21

GEORGE CANT & CO.

House Sign and Fine Decorative Painters

Have removed from their old stand to 48 Pike's Peak avenue, east of Tejon street.

Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining and Paper Hanging

All our work is warranted first-class.

[illegible]

DAIRY,

Corner Tejon and Kiowa Streets.

Milk and its products delivered by teams to all parts of the city. Country trade [illegible] with all parts of the city and Manitou. b-17-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—5,000 cups and saucers to supply the demand as we have more orders than we can fill for our 60c Tea with a decorated Japan cup and saucer to each purchaser. Hooker and Stevens. f-28 3

WANTED—Man for ranch work, near town. One who understands irrigating. Apply to E. E. Hooker, Opera House block. f 27-3

WANTED—A second hand revolver caliber 38 to 44. Box 68 postoffice. f 27-3

WANTED—A situation as cook on a ranch by a young man who has had considerable experience. Address "S" this office. f 27 1*

WANTED—A situation by 3 girls to do general house work. Cascade ave, opposite jail. f 27 2*

WANTED A waiter. Apply at Star Restaurant. f-27-tf

WANTED—A competent waitress. No washing or ironing. Apply at Dr Solly's, opposite Episcopal church. f 24 tf

WANTED—Stock to pasture, one mile from town. Good feed, good water and good fence. Apply at North End market. f 1-3m

FOR RENT

TO LET—The mountain mail route. Enquire of A. L. Lawton, Pike's Peak avenue. f 27 5*

FOR RENT—Pianos, organs and sewing machines. Aiken's music store, 106 Pike's Peak ave. f-o-tf

FOR RENT—Finely furnished parlor, bed room and dressing room en suite on first floor. Northeast corner Tejon and Kiowa sts. f-4 tf

FOR RENT—A large and desirable room most comfortably and cosily furnished; opens directly on a porch, choice location. Rent low to a desirable tenant. S. E. corner of Platte and Weber. Also nice single room furnished, over the Pike's Peak dry goods emporium. Apply to Edward Ferris at the Pike's Peak dry goods emporium. f 24 tf

TO RENT—Five room house on north side of Pike's Peak ave., between Nevada and Weber. Water and gas and furniture for sale cheap. Possession can be had at once if furniture is sold. Enquire at Goff & Howbert's. f 30-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms with board 10 miles from town. Daily mail. Address M. J. Kearney, Edgerton, Colo. f 16-1m

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with good board. Four doors north of city school on Cascade avenue. o-19-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A decorated Japanese cup and saucer at 60 cents. A pound of choice Tea presented to each purchaser. Hooker & Stevens. f 28-3

FOR SALE—New hay, wild and alfalfa, $16 00 per ton. Colorado white oats at $2 75 per cwt. Leave orders at first farm south of city or address M. L. Dorr. f 27 2*

FOR SALE—Pianos, organs and sewing machines. Aiken's Music Store and Museum. f 25-tf

FOR SALE—Best offer made in three days will buy 100 foot corner lot on North Wahsatch. Half cash, balance can remain if desired. Address box 178. f 24-6

FOR SALE—Cheap. A good saddle pony. F A Colby, Gazette office. f 16-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—A good buggy. John L. Lennox. f 15-tf

FOR SALE—Piano, Steinway grand square, 7⅓ octave. Very superior instrument. Easy payments by installments. Address box 781 P. O. or enquire of C. E. Aiken.

FOR SALE OR RENT—The Glenwood ranch, in West Monument valley. Apply to John Lennox. dwe 18 tf

FOR SALE—Cull boards. B. A. Fessenden, lumber side track, Manitou. e 17-tf

FOR SALE—Our entire stock of dry goods at a bargain. Monk & Ingalsbe. d-21-tf

FOR SALE—A few shares in two prospecting companies. Skillful prospectors in field. Address box 486, P. O. f 4-3 tf

FOR SALE—Old paper, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

STRAYED

STRAYED—From my ranch in Fountain, Colorado, about four weeks ago, one gray horse, branded on left shoulder "M" and on left hip [illegible] combined. A liberal reward will be paid for any information leading to his recovery. Address, Mrs. Magee, Colorado Springs, Colorado. f 25-5*

I HAVE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS ONE SIXTY FOOT LOT, WITH FOUNDATIONS AND PLANS, JOINING M KENEDY'S RESIDENCE ON NORTH WEBER ST. THIS IS A VERY DESIRABLE LOCATION FOR A NICE HOUSE. PRICE, $3,000

ONE CORNER LOT ON NORTH TEJON ST., NEXT TO ALDERMAN WILSON'S. PRICE, $1,500

ONE LOT OPPOSITE NEW HOTEL ON CASCADE AVE. PRICE, $1,500.

ONE EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE ON NORTH WEBER ST., NEXT TO MR. DURKEE'S RESIDENCE. THIS HOUSE IS BUILT BY DAY'S WORK, HAS ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, BATH ROOM AND WATER CLOSET 19 TEN FEET SQUARE. DOUBLE FLOORS, WITH TAR PAPER BETWEEN. THIS PLACE WILL RENT TO PAY 18 PER CENT ON PRICE ASKED. PRICE, $6,000, INCLUDING FURNITURE.

ONE COSY HOUSE, NOW IN COURSE OF ERECTION ON CASCADE AVENUE, SOUTH OF THE VILLAS. THIS HOUSE WILL BE COMPLETED IN ABOUT TWO MONTHS, AND WILL BE A COMPLETE HOME. J G WARNER,

AT PLANING MILL, COR. HUERFANO ST AND CASCADE AVE. c 8 tf

Real Estate:

GEO. MACKLIN,

TEJON ST. NEAR KIOWA,

100 city lots
2 fine garden tracts.
2 nice cottages, Corona near Pike's Peak
1 cottage of 8 rooms, Weber below Pike's Peak
2 fine residences, North Nevada.
8 cottages, North Wasatch
1 cottage, Pike's Peak avenue.
3 fine 7 room dwellings, Pike's Peak avenue.
2 finest residences on Pike's Peak avenue.
1 cottage, Weber and Costilla
2 elegant residences, North Tejon.
1 cottage, Cucharas and Corona.
1 cottage, Weber and San Miguel
3 fine houses, North Weber
1 cottage, Nevada and Costilla
1 cottage, East Kiowa
1 cottage, Weber and Cache la Poudre.
Acre and cottage, Nevada and Dale
Acre and cottage, Nevada and Dale
1 cottage, East Huerfano.
Choice corner building lots.
Handsomest residences in the city.

HOUSES TO RENT. b-21-tf

Read What Follows Carefully!

It Is for Your Benefit to Do So.

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS

Ever offered to the citizens of Colorado Springs are now presented for the benefit of the public at the

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

In view of the lateness of the season we have concluded to offer

Our Entire Stock

—OF—

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Etc., At the Enormous Reductions Given below:

Coats, Dolmans, Ulsters, Mantles and Ready made Suits, one-third off regular price
All Fancy Dress Goods at 20 per cent off regular price
All Staple Dress Goods at 10 per cent off regular price
All Fancy Moire, Brocade and Surah Silks 20 per cent. off regular price
All Staple Black and Plain Colored Silks 10 per cent off regular price
All Table Linens and House Furnishing Goods 10 per cent off regular price
All Blankets Comforts and Men's Wear 10 per cent off regular price
All Underwear, Ladies' and Gents', 10 per cent off regular price
All Fringes and Passementeries at 10 to 20 per cent off regular price
All Fancy and Colored Ribbons at 20 per cent. off regular price

This is no old stock selling out to close business but a NEW, FRESH FASHIONABLE AND DESIRABLE STOCK comprising all the latest novelties in the market. Don't waste your money buying old goods but COME TO THE

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

And buy new and choice goods quite as low as you can buy old goods. Our goods are all marked in plain figures so that every one can see for themselves. There is NO HUMBUG about this. A wise merchant when a dull season comes does not sit down waiting for something to turn up but puts his goods at prices that makes it to the interest of the public to buy and moves his stock in that way. This is what we have done, come and see

SPECIAL. BARGAINS! SPECIAL.

300 pieces of Musquito Nets, all colors 45 cents per piece, usual price 60 and 65 cents
One lot of good Calicoes at 5 cents
Think of entire stock of Wraps comprising every style from Walking Coats at $5 to the richest Satin Mantles at $40 reduced so as to bring a $5 garment to $3 35, and a $40 Wrap to $33 75, add a $20 Ready made Suit to $13 30

All of our reductions are made fairly from the usual prices. No goods marked for the purpose of reduction.

This is what we have done and these are the inducements we offer

This great opportunity to supply yourselves with CHEAP and at the same time CHOICE DRESS GOODS will be continued through MAY AND JUNE ONLY

COME ONE COME ALL TO THE

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE, ONE DOOR EAST OF TEJON STREET

FERRIS & JONES

"Veritas ad Finem" dw al 1y

FOR LATEST STYLE MENS BOYS AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING GO TO

SMITH BROS.

FOR STAPLE AND NOVELTY HATS GO TO

SMITH BROS.

FOR BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS GO TO

SMITH BROS.

FOR LATEST STYLES SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS GO TO

SMITH BROS.

FOR GLOVES, HALF HOSE AND SUSPENDERS GO TO

SMITH BROS.

FOR NECK WEAR AND HANDKERCHIEFS GO TO

SMITH BROS.

FOR BLANKETS AND RUBBER GOODS GO TO

SMITH BROS.

ONE PRICE MODEL STORE.

107 Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. d 19-1y

FACTS FOR THE TRADE NOT TO BE IGNORED!

If you want to know where you can buy the following articles at the lowest prices

LADIES' SUITS

In Silks, Satins, Ginghams, Seersuckers and White Lawns.

Children's White Seersucker & Gingham Suits.

Ladies' Silk Satin de Lyon and Rhadamese Capes and Dolmans, White and Figured Lawns and Cambrics, Ladies' and Children's Linen and Mohair Ulsters.

Ladies' and Gents'

SUMMER UNDERWEAR!

Ladies' Cotton Underwear and White Skirts, Men's White and Fancy Shirts, Silks, Satins, Fringes, Passementeries, Parasols, Fans, Hosiery and Gloves, Blankets, Comforts, Quilts, Towels and Napkins, Table Linens, Laces and Curtain Lappets, Curtain Hollands and Laces

Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings,

And everything to be found in a first class Dry Goods Store this season. Don't fail to come right in and save money by making your purchases of

D. J. MARTIN.

f-3-1m

El Paso County Bank,

COLORADO SPRINGS.

[illegible] a general banking and exchange business

W. S. Jackson, Cashier.

J. H. Barlow, Ass't Cashier.

S. H. SESSIONS

Contractor & Builder

SHOP—In block opposite Postoffice. P. O. Box [illegible]

Giddings & Stillman

Fancy Dress Goods and Silks

Staple Dress Goods, Dolmans, and Mantles Cloth Walking Jackets, Coats and Ulsters Moire, Brocade and Surah Silks. Staple, Black and Plain Dress Silks

Table Linen, Napkins and Towels

Cretonnes Comforts and Blankets. Table Covers, Tidies and Quilts. Fancy and Colored Ribbons. Fringes and Passementeries

UNDERWEAR—LADIES' AND GENTS'.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &C.

Mens' Woolen & White Shirts

READY-MADE SUITS

Ginghams Summer Shawls Mohair and Linen Ulsters

MOSQUITO NETS

as cheap as any house east or west

Our Goods are the Latest Styles and Best Qualities

and do not require any misrepresentation on the part of salesmen to sell them

d 9-tf

Lawton & Perkins

REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENTS.

Insurance Carefully Written in the Very Best of Companies.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses for Rent.

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

SOLE AUTHORITY TO TAP THE WATER MAINS.

BY FAR THE FINEST STOCK OF

Gas Fitting Goods and Gas Fixtures

IN COLORADO.

I Call the especial attention of the Colorado Springs people to my stock of [illegible] which can be utilized for EITHER GAS OR OIL.

Will guarantee to do

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting

Promptly and in a superior manner.

J. [illegible] MAR[illegible],

Wanless Block, Tejon Street. gl-1y

Hardware! Hardware!!

Builders' Hardware
Shelf Hardware
Heavy Hardware,
Iron Nails and Steel
Mechanics Tools of all kinds,
Lawn Mowers and Rakes,
Miners Supplies,

Tinware
Furnaces
Ranchmen's Supplies,
Blacksmiths Supplies,
House Furnishing Goods,
Shot Guns, Rifles and Pistols,
Refrigerators and Ice Chests,
Ice Cream Freezers,

Tents and Wagon Sheets
Stoves and Ranges,
Campers' Outfits,
Hunters' Outfits,
Garden Tools,
Ammunition,
Water Coolers,
Etc. Etc. Etc.

DURKEE AND LEE,

West Side Tejon Street.

Tin Shop in connection with store. All kinds of job work in Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Brass done in first-class shape on short notice at lowest possible prices. FURNACE WORK a specialty. Estimates cheerfully furnished. e 17 tf

Write Us for Prices of

Barb Wire,
Bird Cages,
Brushes,
Builders Hardware,
Butchers Store Fittings,
Carpenters and Machinists Tools,
Carvers and Engravers Tools,
Collins' Axes, Picks and Hammers,
Cutlery,

Dairy Goods,
Farming Tools,
Furniture Hardware,
Garden Seeds,
Granite Ware,
Grocers' Store Fittings,
Handles,
Hammocks,
Hose,
House Furnishing Goods,
Ice Cream Freezers,

Iron Mantels,
Lawn Mowers,
Locksmiths' Supplies,
"Myer & Moore's" Shov[els],
Oil Stoves,
Refrigerators,
Ice [illegible],
Water Coolers,
Weather Strip,
Wire Cloth

AND WHEN IN DENVER CALL ON

[illegible] & CO.,

[illegible] STREET. 48 tf

DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1882.

TIME TABLE.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Arrive Colo. Springs.
10:23 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
12:31 p. m.	11:35 a. m.
4:10 p. m.	4:40 p. m.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

Trains going South.	Trains going North.
No. 1 arrives 11:45 a. m.	No. 2 arrives 4:50 p. m.
No. 1 leaves 11:50 a. m.	No. 2 leaves 4:55 p. m.
No. 3 arrives 11:15 p. m.	No. 4 arrives 4:00 a. m.
No. 3 leaves 11:20 p. m.	No. 4 leaves 4:05 a. m.
No. 5 arrives 4:55 p. m.	No. 6 arrives 10:15 a. m.
No. 5 leaves 5:00 p. m.	No. 6 leaves 10:20 a. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge to the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address
J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

The Cumberland Presbyterian Sunday-school had a picnic at Manitou yesterday.

Professor and Mrs. Price concluded their entertainment at the M. E. church last night.

Mr. E. F. Draper, of the auditor's office of the Rio Grande, returned from his visit east yesterday.

There was quite a heavy hail storm on the Divide Sunday night, which did considerable damage to gardens.

A union picnic of the various Sunday schools in Colorado Springs is talked of for the Fourth of July.

Mr. Cosson has made arrangements to furnish strawberries during the season to Messrs. Conant & Thedinga.

The counting room of the First National bank has been enlarged, and numerous other improvements are to be made.

Messrs. Weston & Trost, the architects, advertise for sealed bids for the erection of the Central high school building at South Pueblo.

There were will be a concert and feast in the wilderness at the A. M. E. church Wednesday and Thursday, June 28th and 29th, beginning at five and a half and six o'clock, p. m.

Manager Nye last night concluded arrangements with Manager Bush for the appearance of Joe Emmett in this city on August 5th. Sam'l of Posen will come on July 15th.

Some of the advance sheets for the new city directory are out, and from all appearances the volume will be a valuable one to the interests of the city. Those wanting to advertise in it or subscribe for the same [illegible] leave their orders at once.

Tickets are now on sale at Eoff & Howbert's and Howbert Bros.' book stores for Saturday's game of ball at the association grounds between the Leadville Blues and the Colorado Springs Reds. It will be the first game of the championship series.

Messrs. A Sutton & Co., the Opera House clothing firm, insert a new advertisement this morning, in which they offer remarkable inducements in summer clothing, hats, trunks, valises, etc., for the next thirty days. Give them a call and examine what they offer, even if you do not wish to purchase.

During the practice run of the Jackson Hose team on the Nevada avenue track last night, one of the leaders fell and several others behind him followed suit. Several of the men were more or less bruised, but none sustained serious injury. The accident occurred just after leaving the plug and the team was running rapidly.

Mr. George Roberts, who recently came to this city for his health from Boston, died very suddenly yesterday afternoon. He was in comparative good health on Saturday and witnessed the ball game at the Association grounds. The deceased had the reputation of being a leading ball player, and but for his sickness would have played first base for the Providence nine this season.

The Leadville Base Ball association is the only one in the state league that has a paid nine. It is now understood that they have secured O'Connor of Pueblo to play first base, and with Knowdell behind the bat, Dick Phelan on second, Kessler on third and Price to pitch, all paid men, they will have a nine that will do some very effective ball playing. The champions of 1881 will have to look to their laurels.

The two gold medals offered by Mr. Orlando Metcalf for the best fielding and best batting during the season in the Colorado Springs Reds have been completed by A. Allen and are now on exhibition at his jewelry store. The design represents crossed bats and a ball, hanging from which is a polished $10 piece, on which is engraved the name of the association and that of the donor.

A man rather under the influence of liquor boarded the south bound Rio Grande train between this city and Divide yesterday. He had purchased no ticket and when the conductor came around the man handed him a five dollar bill and asked him to take out the fare. The conductor asked how far he was going. "To h—l, I guess." "All right," said the ticket puncher, "I'll put you off at Pueblo," and placing a Pueblo check in the man's hat he passed on.

Yielding to no company or corporation in the matter of patriotism and believing that the national anniversary should be a great national holiday, the Denver & Rio Grande railway will make the following arrangements for the proper celebration of the 4th of July: For all trains of Monday, July 3d, and all trains on the following day, round trip tickets will be sold between this and other stations, at which passenger trains stop regularly, at the regular local fare one way, with the usual discrimination for children.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No. 8 Pike's Peak Avenue. f 18 tf.

FOR RENT—Three rooms at Kiowa Greenhouse. e-20-tf

T. E. JOHNSON will sell you the GENUINE CHEYENNE CANON ICE. f-15-tf

Everleth & Taylor receive fresh Strawberries from Crawford & Chase's twice a day. f-27-2

Mr. A. Wehrle is in the city for a few days and any orders for piano or organ tuning left at this office will receive prompt attention. f-21-tf

Screen wire cloth, screen window frames to fit any window, screen door spring hinges and catches, at Durkee & Lee's. e-17-tf

LAND PLASTER prevents the worms from eating vegetables. Sold by Linus E. Sherman. f-23-6

For fine Strawberries from E. R. Cosson's garden, go to Conant & Thedinga's. f-28-tf

To parties who have been waiting for choice fur mats, I would say that I have now on hand a large number and of the finest quality. Also I have a few choice Angora goat skins, for which I have had many inquiries. C. E. Aiken, new Strettell building. f-25-tf

Hammond & Iles will sell you the GENUINE CHEYENNE LAKE ICE. f-22-tf

Pianos, organs and sewing machines for sale or rent and repaired at Aiken's music store. wd-f-19 tf

NOTICE—All parties indebted to the firm of Hopkins, Farrar & Conger will please make immediate settlement. All accounts not paid by the 15th of July will be placed in the hands of a collector. Hopkins & Conger. f-21-12

Complete stock of new furniture, latest styles, for sale cheap or exchange for other goods. Ashby's, Pike's Peak Avenue. f 15 tf

Auction sale of Oil Paintings at the old Chicago store for three days, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, daily at 8 p. m. This collection of works of art are from the California Art Gallery, 335 16th street, Denver. This will be a rare chance to secure some fine works of art at a low price as they must be sold. A. J. Childs, manager. f-27-3

If you want choice and freshly picked Strawberries, leave orders with Everleth & Taylor. f-27-tf

Positively going out of business. Heavy reductions in prices of dry goods. Monk & Ingalsbe. d-21-tf

Go to G. S. Barnes for buggies, phaetons, canopy tops and light express wagons. e-9-tf

Philadelphia and Pennsylvania lawn mowers and lawn rakes at Durkee & Lee's. e-17-tf

Put a furnace in your house this summer and keep comfortable next winter. Durkee & Lee will do the work for you in first class shape and guarantee satisfaction. They are agents for the Fuller & Warren Co.'s furnaces, the best made. Over 50,000 in use. e-17-tf

French china, decorated queensware, lamp goods, etc., at Halstin & Fairley's. m-18-tf

Now is the time to "polish up the handle of the big front door." We have a few old papers left that are suitable for that kind of work. tf.

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Church & Co.'s drug store. a-15-tf

Tents, wagon sheets and camping outfits at Durkee & Lee's. e-17-tf

Rifles, shotguns, revolvers and all kinds of ammunition, at Durkee & Lee's. d-6-1-tf

SEE THIS!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Church & Co. will fill them correctly and at eastern prices. f 13 tf.

Mr. L. C. Davis has the finest stock of Jewelry and the most experienced workmen in the state. f 3 tf

Refrigerators, ice chests, ice cream freezers and water coolers at Durkee & Lee's. e-17-tf

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received until Monday, July 10th, 1882, for the erection of the central high school building on the mesa, South Pueblo, Colorado. Plans and specifications can be seen and the necessary information obtained at our office, corner Main and Fourth streets, Pueblo, Colo. WESTON & TROST, Architects. f-28 3

HAY.

Best Colorado Loose Hay from "Beaver Ranch" delivered to any part of the city.
Address box 787, P. O.
C. R. VINCENT.

Strayed or Stolen

A large red cow with some white on face and left flank. Brass ball on right horn, brand on right hip consists of an R and bottle shaped mark. Any one giving information leading to recovery of said animal will be suitably rewarded by the undersigned.
f-28-5 J. C. KENNEDY.

CAVE OF THE WINDS!

Now Open for the Season Of 1882,

Is located in William's Canon, one mile north from the Mineral Springs in Manitou.

There is no more pleasing or grand sight in Colorado and you miss a wonderful scene if you fail to see it.

There are large stalactites and grand old stalagmites with the most delicate and beautiful flowers. The sight of one room and grotto of the flower of alabaster is worth infinitely more than the expense and trouble of visiting the cave.

There are many rooms for you to visit, among which are Cascade, Canopy, Cathedral and Music Halls, Alabaster Grotto and the famous Bridal Chamber.

The air is pure and there is no water to injure or soil clothing. Wraps and lights furnished and attentive guides. Come and see us.

ADMISSION FEE ONE DOLLAR.

6-4-1m RINEHART & SNIDER.

Everleth & Taylor,

—Dealers in—

GROCERIES,

FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,

Corner Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street Colorado Springs. f3-15-tf

M. J. DECOURSEY

REAL ESTATE COLUMN.

AGENT FOR SALE

Of lots in the growing

TOWN OF

CRESTED BUTTE!

IMPORTANT!

I will rent the Iron Springs hotel and the celebrated Iron Springs at Manitou, for a term commencing May 1st, or I will sell the entire property, consisting of 160 acres of land, taking in three fourths of a mile of Ruxton creek and embracing numerous iron springs, summer houses, and the hotel.

FOR SALE.

The finest corner on North Tejon street, 200x190, $6,000, or will divide it.

Six lots on Pike's Peak avenue between Tejon and Nevada.

Lot on best part of North Nevada avenue, 75x190. Cheap at $2,000.

The 320 acres controlling the entrance to and running into Cheyenne Cañon. Splendid water, fine timber and nice garden land on the property. Also house and fencing. A fine place for a hotel which would be popular all the year round. A great bargain at $2,300.

Lovely two-story cottage of 7 rooms; city water; lot nicely fenced. Located on one of the best 50x190 feet corners on North Nevada avenue. A splendid chance to secure a beautiful home in one of the best localities in the city, $3,650.

Elegant house of 10 rooms; hot and cold water, bath room and all conveniences, large porches, splendid lawn, trees and shrubbery, stone cellar, first-class stable; lot 75x190, on best part of Weber street. Price $7,000. Will sell furniture with house if desired.

A splendid four acre garden tract, fenced and every inch of it under ditch; planted mostly in small fruits; one acre in alfalfa. House of 5 rooms and cellar, stable and out-houses; good cistern. Ten minutes walk from postoffice. A real bargain at $3,000.

A first class property only two blocks from new post office. Lot 50x190 feet, with house (partly new) size 26x80 feet containing 12 rooms, ceilings 10 feet high throughout. Also a wash room, cow house, hen house, etc. The house is partly furnished and will be sold with furniture at the very low figure of $4,000. In this is included a good milch cow and fifty chickens.

Fine two story house of seven rooms and three closets; nice shade trees, porch in front, city water stable for three horses. House and stable were built during the past summer, Lot 50x190 feet. A bargain at $3,000, of which amount $1,500 may stand for one year at 10 per cent.

A splendid corner 100x190 feet on N. Weber street, on which are erected three lovely cottages renting for $77 per month. City water and gas pipes in cottages; open grate fire places in parlors; nice lawns and stables. This property is a bargain at $6,500.

Nice cottage of 5 rooms on lot 50x200 feet on Pike's Peak avenue; cellar, lawn, neat fence and stable; water in house; only $2,500.

Several nice lots in the neighborhood of the new postoffice site.

Ranch of 160 acres on the road between Monument and Table Rock, all fenced; it was fine potato crops; splendid springs of water: includes three acres of big timber. Only $1,000. A bargain.

House of 4 rooms; lot 50x190; lawn, trees, stable. Good location. A bargain at $600.

House of 5 rooms; city water. Lot 50x190. First class location. Only $1050.

House of 6 rooms, stable for ten horses, lot 50x190 all in grass, located on Nevada avenue close to business centre of city. A bargain at $4,000.

Several splendid corners on North Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Weber streets.

House of 5 rooms, pantry, cellar, porch, stone foundation, well, 3 acres of ground, east of city. $1,200.

House of 7 rooms, porch, city water, lot 80 x100, Huerfano, near Weber, $3,600.

A beautiful cottage at Manitou, containing four rooms and has a large porch. The cottage fronts south and is located on one of the most valuable lots at Manitou. This is the property known as the Thurlow cottage. It cost over $2,000 and will be sold for $1,500 cash, if at once.

FOR RENT.

Unfurnished house of 7 rooms. Nice location. $25 per month.

Elegant furnished house of 3 rooms on Cascade ave. Splendid location.

Three furnished rooms complete for housekeeping; desirable location; $25 per month.

Fine store building on Pike's Peak avenue between Tejon and Nevada ave.

Unfurnished house of 6 rooms on Nevada ave. Splendid location.

Elegant furnished house of 6 rooms. Splendid location, facing south on Bijou street.

Fine store building on Tejon st. between Pike's Peak ave. and Huerfano st., from May 15th.

The New England Kitchen and sleeping rooms, bath rooms, etc., up stairs. A fine chance for anyone wishing to embark in the restaurant or boarding house profession. Can be rented for 2 years at $80 per month.

Unfurnished house of 3 rooms, in first class location; $12 per mo.

Offices in the new Strettell block, elegantly finished and furnished with all modern conveniences.

M. L. DeCOURSEY,
Real Estate Agent.

RARE OPPORTUNITY

To secure Choice and Elegant

FURNITURE

AT DECIDED BARGAINS.

There will be offered at

PRIVATE SALE

ALL THE

Furniture and Household Goods

Contained in the house formerly occupied by Loring S. Richardson, on Pike's Peak avenue,

Commencing at 1 p. m. To-day (Tuesday) and Concluding Wednesday.

That portion remaining unsold will be disposed of at

PUBLIC AUCTION

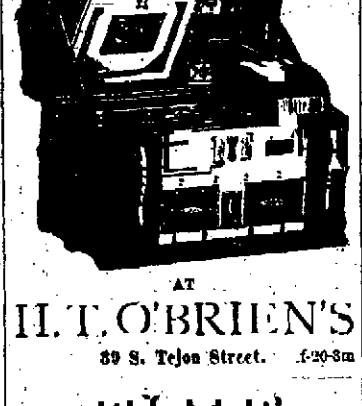
Beginning Thursday at 10 a. m.

The furniture consists, in part, of 1 parlor suite, 5 bed room sets, 1 side board, 1 arm and 3 maroon chairs, 8 rockers, 12 dining, 6 cane seat and four camp chairs, carpets of ten rooms, wardrobe, 6 lambrequins, also 1 covered carriage and numberless other articles too numerous to mention here. f-27-tf

THE CLIFF HOUSE

At Manitou Springs, Col.,

Is in first-class shape for the summer. Parties looking for board at Manitou will do well to look at the accommodations afforded. Reduced rates made for families by the week.
f-27-tf E. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor.



AT

H. T. O'BRIEN'S

89 S. Tejon Street. f-20-3m

FIRE

Insurance Agency

OF

W. R. THORNELL.

"SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL," Of Edinburgh. Assets over $18,000,000. Established 1824.

GLENS FALLS, of Glens Falls, N. Y. Assets $1,115,000. Organized 1849.

"PROVIDENCE - WASHINGTON," of Providence, R. I. Assets $900,000. Incorporated 1799.

Policies Carefully Written at Fair Rates.

Office Over People's Bank.

d 7 tf

IMPORTED ALE AND PORTER

Why get it, when you can buy

An Article Equal at One-Half the Price.

We have now on hand ready for delivery the above goods

EQUAL TO THE IMPORTED

In MEDICINAL QUALITY and FLAVOR and

Far Ahead of any Malt Liquors

Manufactured in this country. If you give them a trial you will use no other. SOLD BY THE DOZEN OR KEG AND DELIVERED BY THE BREWERY WAGON DAILY.
Address Colorado City or Colorado Springs.

STOCKBRIDGE & ELWELL, Props.
c 23 tf

COLORADO COLLEGE

FACULTY:

PRESIDENT E. P. TENNEY, Natural Theology, and Evidences of Christianity.
WINTHROP D. SHELDON, Latin, Greek, German, Anglo-Saxon.
FRANK H. LOUD, Mathematics, Astronomy, Physics.
EMMA BUMP, French, English Language and Literature.
WILLIAM STRIEBY, Metallurgy and Chemistry.
GEORGE N. MARDEN, History, Political Science and Metaphysics.
GEORGE H. STONE, Geology.
ALFRED T. BACON, Preparatory Studies.

The Metallurgical Department offers new courses during the coming year, leading to the degree of mining engineer.

Work will be furnished students able and willing to work, by which young men and young women can pay the most of their expenses.

FALL TERM BEGINS SEPT. 6, '82.

For circulars and other information, address
E. P. TENNEY, President,
4w14-3m Colorado Springs, Colo.

A. SAGENDORF. GEO. S. ROBBINS.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

AT

A. Sagendorf & Co's.

Pure Drugs and Chemicals, Perfumeries, Cosmetics, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods.

Sole Agents in Colorado Springs for

CREME ANGELIQUE, the ÆSTHETIC DENTIFRICE.
Lincoln's Hop and Celery Nervine Lozenges. The best article in the market to cure sleeplessness, nervousness, neuralgia, headache, indigestion and dyspepsia.
KNIGHT'S ASTHMA CURE.
Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day or night. 6 1 tf

A Cup and Saucer

GIVEN AWAY.

Having secured a lot of Japanese decorated Cups and Saucers we propose to present one to each customer buying a pound package of Tea at 60 cents. CALL SOON as they are going very rapidly.

The Tea Alone is Worth $1 per lb.

HOOKER & STEVENS,

OPERA HOUSE GROCERY.

f-25-tf

FIRE WORKS!

HOWBERT BROTHERS,

North Tejon Street,

Beg Leave to Call Your Attention to Their Large Stock of

FIRE WORKS!

f 27-tf

A Change in the Firm

Having been decided upon we shall reduce our stock by selling our

SUMMER SUITS and UNDERWEAR

Linen Coats and Ulsters, Straw Hats,

Rubber Coats, Umbrellas, Blankets, Quilts, Trunks, Valises, &c.

For the Next Thirty Days

AT COST FOR CASH ONLY,

At Our Clothing Store in Opera House Block.

A. SUTTON & CO.

df-28-6-wp-1-t

Remember

THAT

WEATHERBY BROS.

ARE

Closing Out Their Business,

And there is only a short time left to secure the great bargains in

DRY GOODS, &c.

We have sold a great many goods but have many left, that MUST be sold, and that we are determined to sell if price will do it.

Consumers will save money by buying NOW and laying up for future use, as they will not find goods at the prices we are selling them anywhere. Don't fail to give us a call and anything we have that you can use you will get at a bargain.

WEATHERBY BROS.,

d-4-1y 23 S. Tejon Street.

EOFF & HOWBERT,

FIRE WORKS.

EOFF & HOWBERT.

d-6-3m

New Departure.

Linus E. Sherman hereby tenders his sincere thanks to all his numerous customers for the favor of their liberal patronage and solicits a continuance of the same. Those who have paid promptly will be gladly accommodated in the future as in the past, but no new accounts will be opened. All goods will be reduced to the

LOWEST CASH PRICE

So that more groceries can be bought for the money than any one can sell who gives credit and thereby incurs losses by bad debts. If you would save money buy your

GROCERIES FOR CASH

—OF—

Linus E. Sherman.

k-2-tf NOS. 29 AND 31 HUERFANO ST., NEXT TO PEOPLE'S BANK.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com